

Performance Analysis Of Cluster-based Data Center

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**Laboratory for Multimedia
Communication in Telepresence**

Outline

- ★ Synchronmedia Consortium
- ★ Green ICT & GreenStar Network
- ★ Green Telco Cloud project
- ★ Tracing in Cloud Environment
- ★ Team & Tasks

Synchromedia Overview

- ★ Founded in 1998 by 4 universities of Quebec
- ★ Awarded a \$4 million CFI grant to build a Pan-Canadian Consortium.
- ★ Research areas
 - ★ Network virtualization
 - ★ Telepresence
 - ★ Intelligent interfaces
 - ★ Biomedical image processing
 - ★ Document processing
 - ★ Machine Learning & classification
 - ★ Green ICT
 - ★ Environmental assessment

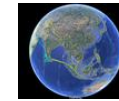
Synchromedia Sample Projects

☆ Green Sustainable Telco Cloud (2012)



☆ \$1.5 million funded by NSERC, Ericsson, Inocybe Technologies

☆ The Indian Ocean World (2010-2017)



☆ \$2.5 million funded by SSHRC

☆ GreenStar Network (2010-2012)



☆ \$2.1 million funded by CANARIE

☆ Multimedia communication in telepresence (2005-2010)

☆ \$4 million funded by CFI



☆ EU's FP7 Panlab II (2008-2011)

☆ \$500k funded by MDEIE's PSIIRI



☆ EU's FP6 Panlab I (2006-2008)

☆ \$100k funded by MDEIE's PSIIRI



Green ICT & GreenStar Network

Green ICT

- ★ Climate Change is not reversible
- ★ There will be an urgent need to develop low carbon solutions.
- ★ Increasingly such solutions will be a major component of all future innovation in every aspect of our lives.
- ★ ICT are a major consumer of power (8% in the US) and CO₂ production which is growing at 6% per year. As such ICT sector is one of the primary areas in which we can develop low carbon solutions

Green ICT & GreenStar Network Premises

Current research focuses on energy efficiency

- ☆ Renewable energy sources are hard to connect to the grid
- ☆ Energy loss in transmitting power is higher than when data is moved over networks

Khazzoom–Brookes postulate:

"Energy efficiency improvements, on the broadest considerations, are economically justified at the micro level, lead to higher levels of energy consumption at the macro level"

Bill St. Arnaud:

"Energy efficiency is an irrelevant network design approach and the objective should be to make networks carbon neutral"

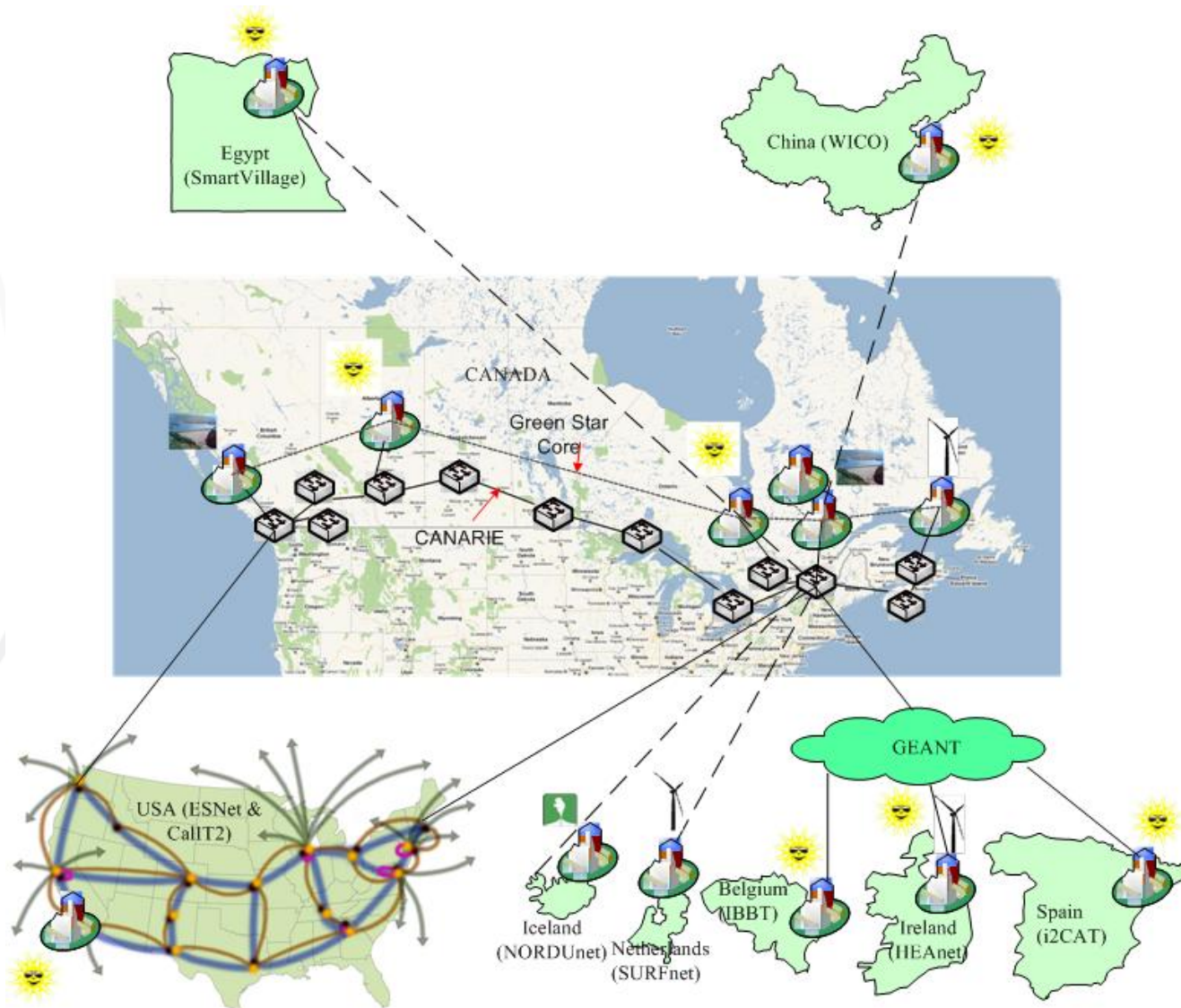
Green ICT & GreenStar Network

Goals of the GSN

GreenStar World's First Zero Carbon Internet & Cloud

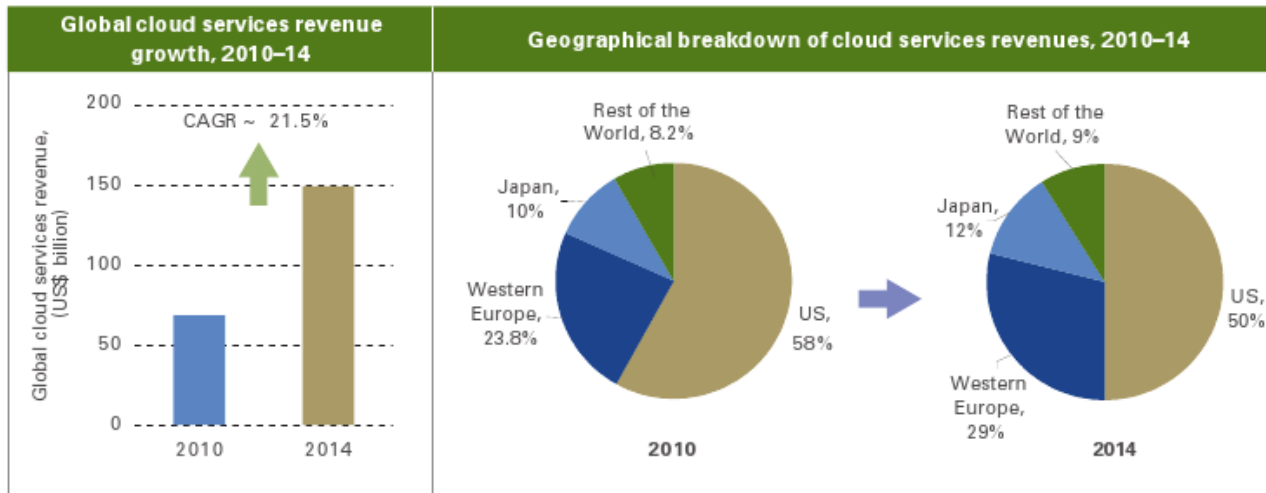
- ☆ To develop ***low-carbon technologies***, including:
 - renewal energy like wind- and solar-powered networks,
 - *virtualization*,
 - *carbon quantification procedures*, and *tools*,
- ☆ **To ensure ICT's carbon footprint remains under control** and does not increase as the world becomes more and more reliant on information and communication technologies.

Green ICT & GreenStar Network Network Plan



Green Telco Cloud

The need of Telco cloud



Source: Gartner

Cloud market

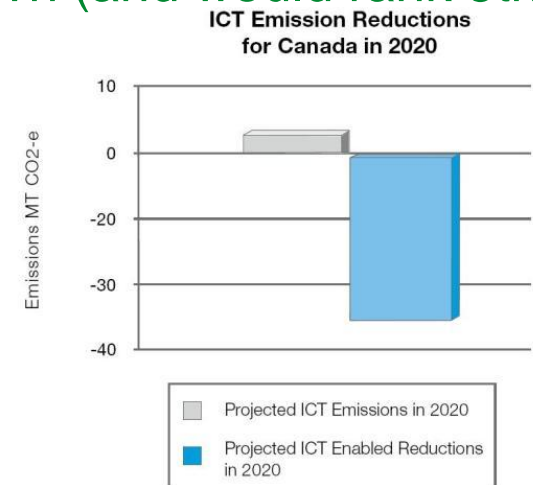
| Telco | SaaS | IaaS | PaaS |
|---|------|------|--|
| AT&T | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ (Planned) |
| BT | ✓ | ✓ | x |
| Deutsche Telekom / T-Systems | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| France Telecom / Orange Business Services | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ (Plan to launch by second half of 2012) |
| NTT | ✓ | ✓ | x |
| Telefónica | ✓ | ✓ | x |
| Telstra | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ (Planned) |
| Verizon | ✓ | ✓ | x |

Global operators

Green Telco Cloud

But... there is environmental concerns

- Estimates of data center electricity demand are at 31GW globally, with an increase of 19% in 2012 alone (global electricity demand essentially flat for the past three years)
- It is estimated that global mobile data traffic grew 133% in 2011, with 597 petabytes of data sent by mobiles every month.
- Electronic devices account for 15% of home electricity use, and are predicted to triple by 2030. (SMART 2020, 2008)
- The combined electricity demand of the internet/cloud (data centres and telecommunications network) globally is 623bn kWh (and would rank 5th among countries). (Make IT Green, 2010)



Tracing & Monitoring in Telco Cloud

The Need

- Heterogenous environment
 - Server, Network, Storage, Application, Middleware
- Specific behaviours & actions
 - Virtualization, migration
 - High Performance Computing
- Various data models
 - CPU, memory, I/O of servers
 - Hypervisor, virtual machines, hardware accelerators
- Requirements for optimization
 - Resource usage
 - System throughput
 - Response time

Tracing & Monitoring in Telco Cloud Challenges

- **Type of jobs in cloud**
 - Parallel (jobs in clusters & grids are basically bags-of-tasks, mostly sequential)
 - Application-specifics (e.g. Telco apps)
- **Resource provisioning**
 - On-demand (no preparation time)
 - Resources can flexibly be allocated/relocated/released
- **Scale**
 - Very large / Various layers (IaaS, PaaS, SaaS)
 - Unknown geographical locations
- **Performance metrics**
 - Various / No standard
 - High variability (Average vs. Peak)

Tracing & Monitoring in Telco Cloud

Requirements for Tracing Tools

- **Virtualization**
 - Support many types of hypervisors (VMWare, KVM, XEN)
 - Tracing servers and VMs performance in the same time
 - Easily integrated into cloud middleware
- **Real-time tracing**
 - Resource acquisition and release are substantial
 - Tracing performance during migration (high variation)
- **Distribution/Scalability**
 - Capable of working in various distributed nodes
 - Working in parallel
- **Robustness**
 - More intelligent
 - Context-aware

ETS Team & Tasks

The Team

➤ Team

- Professor Mohamed Cheriet: data analysis, pattern recognition, artificial intelligence, cloud computing, green ICT
- Research Associate Kim Nguyen: high performance networking, cloud computing, data processing, optimization, green ICT
- PhD 1 (working in Green Telco project): cloud middleware, performance analysis
- MSc 1: Telco cloud monitoring and tracing, data visualization
- MSc 2: Remote client monitoring, data visualization

➤ Collaboration / Follow-up

- Monthly meeting via Video Conference system
- Monthly website update
- Follow-up by Geniève Bastien & Kim Nguyen
- Quarterly report

ETS Team & Tasks

Tasks (to be revised)

- Tasks in CTPD
 - T4M1.1 Telecom cluster monitoring state of the art
 - T4M1.2 Algorithms for Telecom Cluster tracing and debugging
 - T4M1.3 Optimization of Telecom cluster tracing and debugging
 - T4M1.4 Technology transfer and results dissemination
 - T4M2.1 Telecom cluster visualization and control survey
 - T4M2.2 Algorithms for Telecom Cluster monitoring and control
 - T4M2.3 Optimization of the Telecom cluster monitoring
 - T4M2.4 Technology transfer and results dissemination
 - T4M3.1 remote client monitoring state of the art
 - T4M3.2 Algorithms for remote client servers tracing
 - T4M3.3 Optimization of the remote client servers tracing
 - T4M3.4 Technology transfer and results dissemination
 - T4M4.1 remote client servers visualization/control survey
 - T4M4.2 Algorithms for remote client servers visualization
 - T4M4.3 Optimization of the remote client servers tracing
 - T4M4.4 Technology transfer and results dissemination

Thank you!

Discussion