



# Dynamic Tracing in Userspace

An introductory analysis of possible approaches with  
focus on DyninstAPI and GDB

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# Agenda

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## 1 Introduction

Dyninst  
GDB's Tracing Infra

## 2 Tests & Results

Dyninst Overhead Analysis  
GDB Overhead Analysis

## 3 What Next?



# Introduction

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## Aim

The goal is to investigate tools which can be of use to provide dynamic tracing with UST without compromising performance.

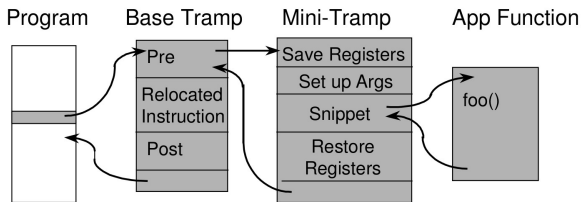
Some tools investigated recently

- Dyninst API for dynamic instrumentation
- GDB's fast tracing infrastructure



# Dyninst

A *mutator* program mutates the target program (*mutatee*) by building and inserting code (*snippets*) during runtime

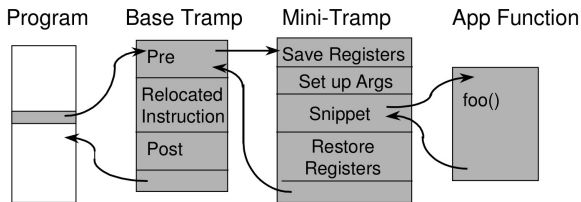


How Dyninst works

- BPatch object : `processCreate()`, `processAttach()`..
- Build snippets : `BPatch_arithExpr`, `BPatch_varExp`..
- Find points : `appImage->findFunction()`, `findPoint()`
- Insert Snippet : `appAddrSpace->insertSnippet()`

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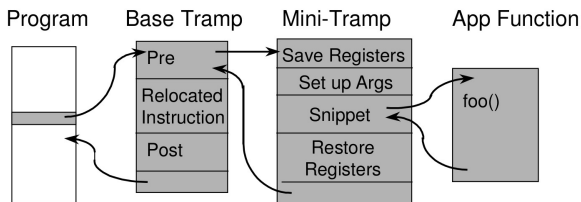


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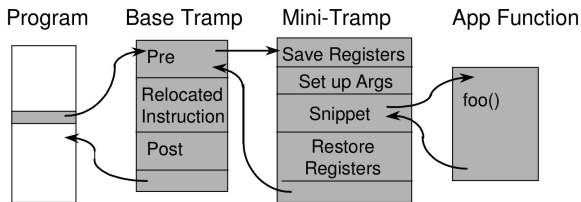


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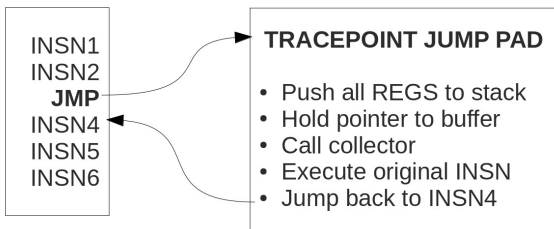


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## GDB's Tracing Infra

**Fast Tracepoints** : Similar approach by jumping to a small trampoline (*jump pad*). Faster than *normal* trap based tracepoints



How GDB's fast tracepoints work

- Can be placed only at instructions 5 bytes or longer (4 bytes on some targets)
- Needs In-process agent (IPA) library loaded in inferior process



# Tests & Results

*GDB and Dyninst elementary overhead analysis*

Intel Core i5-3317U (1700Mhz x 4), 4GB RAM, Fedora 18  
(3.8.1-201.fc18.x86\_64)



## Dyninst Overhead Analysis

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**Test Scenario** : Consists of a *dummy* program and a *mutator* program mutating it. It instruments the function `bar()` in *dummy*. The function `bar()` originally just increments a variable by 1.

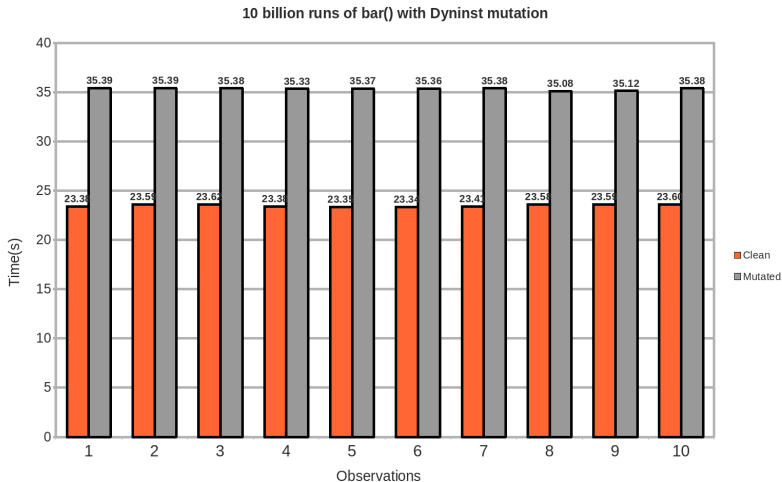
```
void bar(){ ch=ch+1; }
```

The mutator builds a snippet to initialize another variable with zero and inserts this snippet during *dummy* runtime. Time for 10 billion runs of `bar()` is observed using `clock_gettime()` for a clean vs mutated run

```
a = appAddrSpace->malloc(*appImage->findType("int"));  
BPatch_arithExpr initSnippet(BPatch_assign, *a, zero);  
appAddrSpace->insertSnippet(initSnippet, *functionEntry);
```

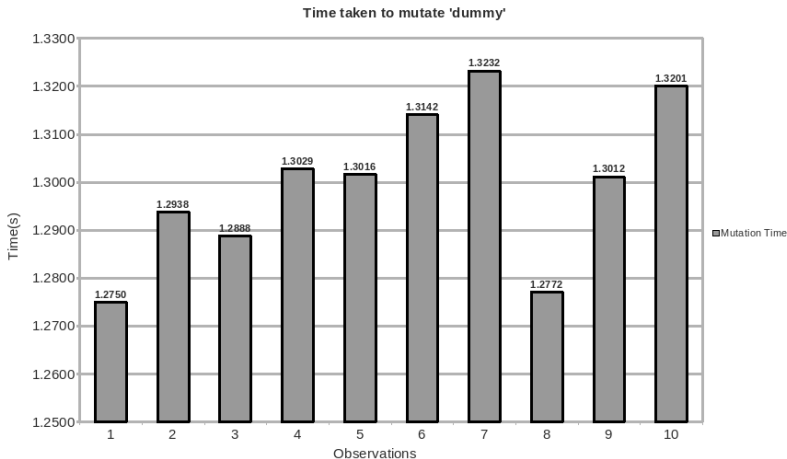


# Results



- Mean difference of 11.83s and an overhead of 50.38%

# Results



- Mean mutation time : 1.29s



## GDB Overhead Analysis

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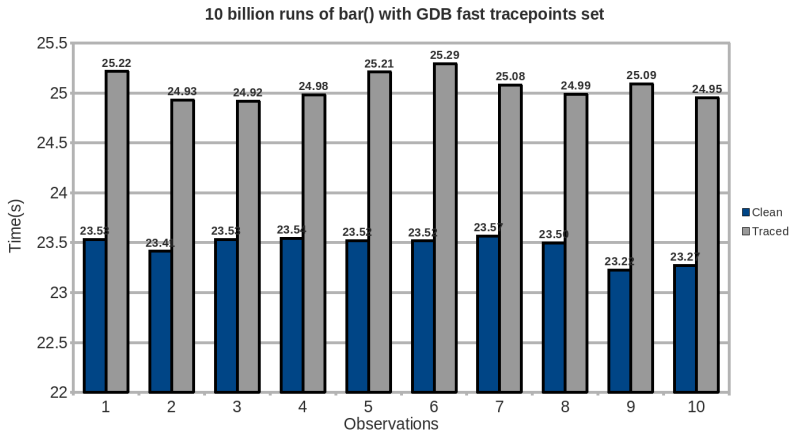
**Test Scenario** : Consists of a *dummy* program with a function `bar()`. The function `bar()` originally just increments a variable by 1. The *dummy* application is started with GDBserver while pre-loading the IPA library.

```
gdbserver --wrapper env LD_PRELOAD=/usr/lib64/libinproctrace.so  
:2222 dummy
```

Through GDB, fast tracepoint is set at beginning of `bar()` and trace experiment is conducted without any 'actions'. Time for 10 billion runs of `bar()` is observed using `clock_gettime()` for a clean vs traced run



# Results



- Mean difference of 1.60s and an overhead of 6.83%

## What Next?

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- Run more rigorous and real life tests on multiple test setups
- Analyze pros and cons for each dynamic instrumentation candidate
- Investigate ways to utilize GDB's dynamic tracing infra for UST
- A glance at other tools - DynamoRIO, Pin

### Long Term Vision

The long term goal now is eventually merging the functionality of tracing, profiling and debugging in an integrated tool.



# Questions and Suggestions?

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